		The really great thing about being a freshman is all of your choices are in front of you;
Fre	shman Year - Beginning to End:	the choices you have and the decisions you make can get you to where you hope to be.
	Meet with John in Guidance Counseling to go over your 4-year course schedu about the colleges and majors you're thinking about.	le. Be sure to keep him updated throughout high school as you make decisions
	Frequently check in with counselors, advisors, and teachers to stay on top of	any special programs of extracurricular activities available.
	Make a list of your academic and personal goals. Revisit and revise your list as you become more aware of your specific plans.	
	Get to know the people who can help you most: advisors, teachers, counselors, and/or administrators. At some point you may need recommendations for summer programs, scholarships, and college applications (even future job applications!) Watered-down, generalized recommendations from individuals who hardly know you and aren't able to provide personal insight don't help.	
	Check out the web sites of your 'dream' colleges, 'ideal' majors, and "perfect' jobs. What's it going to take to get admitted, to get hired? Are you taking the right courses in high school? How many years of math, language arts, science, and foreign language will you need?	
	Register at the college web service sites: www.review.com , www.collegeispossible.org , www.collegegold.com , www.collegegold.com , www.collegegold.com , www.collegegold.com , www.collegegold.com , www.collegegold.com , www.collegegold.com , www.collegegold.com , www.students.gov ,	

You may not have a clue yet, exactly what you will be doing after high school, hardly anybody in 10th grade is absolutely sure. In the mean time take To Po's: challenging courses, get good grades, do everything you can to be the best candidate you can be. The doors will stay open and you'll end up with a lot more options...then you Sophomore Year - Beginning to End: can figure it out. Sign up for the PSAT. This is the practice round...the real one happens for juniors and seniors. Take the Plan Assessment and go over the results. You'll find some very revealing information you may not have even known about yourself: what you're good at, different careers you may have the skills and personality to do, college majors that would be a good fit for you, and so on. Focus on your GPA. Take the most challenging courses, there is no such thing as too much math, science, foreign language, etc. П Narrow down your extracurricular activities to two or three that you'll do throughout high school, can get good at, and may pursue in college. Start a list of colleges that interest you. Be sure to go to the college fairs and visit colleges on their Preview Days. Any exposure to the admissions people will help you develop the exploration and application 'language'. Go on to college web sites and take their virtual tours…give the colleges a "test drive". Take the personality / interest inventory through AKCIS, ASVAB, College Board for some very valuable help determining colleges and majors. They're fun to do, they're free, and they provide a wealth of information. If you still want more insight, or need help figuring out what to do with the feedback, come and see me in the office. Plan your summer ahead of time. Find programs and camps to attend, think about what volunteer opportunities you may want to do, don't wait until summer is here. All the great positions will be filled. П Continue the scholarship search. Review for the PSAT, SAT, and ACT. You get to take them more than once if you want / need to. Save your money, there is a boat load of free help material on their web sites. Consistently be updating your records of activities, volunteer work, programs, classes, and traveling. File information you receive and gather about scholarships, colleges, tests, and programs. Remember the milk crate...you should be getting close to needing another soon. Review and revise your goals. You're older, more aware, you've explored personality and interest inventories, start taking a real close look at who you are. Think careers. Research, investigate, and interview people about their jobs. Consider getting into a mentorship. More words to ponder: If you don't take the time to do something right the first time where will you find the time to get it right the second, third, maybe forth The key to success in school isn't 'getting organized'...It's staying organized.

To Po's:		There is no 'magic morning' when you wake up and KNOW what you want to do for the rest of your life.
Junior Year - Beginning to End:		You have to get involvedpay attention to what interests youWhat you want is a 'rational feeling' based on the research, sound advise, and wisdom. This is how you can get 'what you really want' and know the best way to get
The summer before		there.
		Campus Visit Weekends' with planned tours run by students and admissions folks aid about the value of having admissions folks at a school meet you personally to be
	Spend lots of time researching the colleges on your list of potential schools. from their admissions offices	Go to the web sites, bookmark interesting ones, and request information packets
	Don't push the 'milk crate' under the bed. Any number of things you may do during the summer could add to your overall life experience and be worth including in your future applications. File everything awayyou never know what may be helpful some day.	
Throug	hout the year	
	Pay attention to, concentrate on, and don't forget about the importance of your GPA. Take the most challenging classes possible and get the absolute best grades you can.	
	Intensify your scholarship search. Keep track of specific deadlines and requirements, they do and there won't be any excuses for late applications.	
	Attend career days, college fairs, and financial aid workshops. Unless you, or your parents, are independently wealthy or you have a close relative with a building named after him at the college you want to attend, these resources are essential.	
Fall		
	Meet with your guidance counselor early in the year and frequently after that. Be sure the classes you're taking are on the right track for the colleges and majors you're setting your sights on.	
	Register for and take the PSAT. This is the year it counts towards the National	al Merit Scholarship.
	Talk to your coach if you want to play for a college team or apply for an athlet play sports in college.	tic scholarship; see your counselor for an NCAA clearinghouse form if you want to
	Schedule dates to take the SAT and / or ACT tests. It's important to check wit frequently neither will be required)	th the colleges to see if they want you to take one or the other (never both and
	Research financial aid programs now, before, the financial 'base' (senior) year begins	
	Contact the US military academies NOW if you want to apply. Each academy http://www.defencelink.mil/faq/pis/20.html	has its own summer program that would be very helpful for you to take part in:
	Look in to summer workshops and college courses for high school students. descriptions and information listed.	There are a number of them available and the college web sites will have

Winter			
	Review your PSAT results with your guidance counselor. The results will show you the areas you need to put more energy in to.		
	Register for the SAT, ACT, and SAT II (subject) tests if the colleges you're considering require them. If you're applying for Early Decision, and you want to take them a second time, be sure to take the ACT and ACT again in June		
	Decide what camps, programs, volunteer work, and classes you want to attend or take this summer.		
Spring			
	If the colleges or scholarships you're applying for require them, compile writing samples, collect information about yourself, and work on audition tapes		
	Consider taking a summer class. You can start earning college credit by taking 'dual credit courses' or classes through APU or UAA.		
	Enroll in AP classes and take AP exams for the AP classes you've completed.		
	Look for a summer job. Try to get one related to a major you plan on pursuing. Colleges are impressed with students who have put thought into their efforts.		
Summe	r		
	Request applications for scholarships.		
	Start to work on essays for college applications and scholarships.		
	Zero in on those teachers, coaches, employers, individuals who know you well and will write 'glowing' letters of reference.		
	Work on your resume.		
	Start your application process if you're applying for Early Decision or Early Action.		
	Remember: College admissions folks rely heavily on your junior year classes and GPA. They want to see you taking more challenging courses – not easier ones. They want to see grades rising – not falling. Every extra constructive, productive thing you can do this year will make your life a lot easier as a senior and the application process more fruitful beyond then.		

To Po's: Senior Year - Beginning to End:		There is no 'magic morning' when you wake up and KNOW what you want to do for the rest of your life. You have to get involvedpay attention to what interests youWhat you want is a 'rational feeling' based on the research, sound advise, and wisdom. This is how you can get 'what you really want' and know the best way to get there.			
	Stay focused on the goal. This is valuable time and needs to be used wisely. participate in a summer program abroadand as always, keep track of every				
Fall:	Fall:				
	Create your Master Plan with all the important dates and deadlines. Include college applications, test registration daters and test dates, scholarship applications, housing, and financial deadlines.				
	Keep looking for scholarships. There will probably still be a lot of them to pursue & it's going to be in your best interest to keep applying for them.				
	This is your last chance to take the SAT and/or ACT to have the scores included on upcoming applications.				
	Request college applications, financial aid and housing applications.				
	Make sure your high school transcripts and records are correct and up-to-date.				
	Review your college plans and financial aid preparations with your counselor.				
	Attend college fairs and financial aid workshops.				
	Continue to visit colleges if possible. If you are even considering UAA or UAF, definitely go to their college visit days when they hold them.				
	Ask for letters of recommendation from your teachers. There is a lot of good information about the best way to do this, see John Stahl if you have any questions				
	Keep working on essays for college applications and scholarships. You need to have a solid foundation done and be very close to the final draft about now.				
	Update, update, update, your resume and portfolio.				
	Apply for 'Early Decision' or 'Early Action' if you are thinking that these are applicable to you.				
	Send in your college applications. They need to be in the mail ASAP.				

N inter		
	Gather your tax information for the financial aid applications. Remember, your parents, guardians, need to get theirs in order as well.	
	Register with FAFSA to get your pin number. This is another thing your parents need to do. Go to the fafsa.ed.gov website for more information.	
	Fill out financial aid forms for your scholarships.	
	Have your mid-year grades sent to colleges you have applied to.	
Spring		
	Decide on a college and notify the admissions office by May 1 st of your decision. Notify other colleges of your decision that you will not be attending their school.	
	Determine your financial needs to create your college budget. Look closely to reconfirm the sources of the money you need to maintain this budget.	
	Determine if you are going to need a student loan and research the ones available based on your level of need.	
	See your doctor for a physical and any necessary vaccinations. Colleges, especially if abroad or if you're planning on playing sports, will probably require them.	
	Complete your housing and meal applications.	
	Take your Advanced Placement Exams.	
	Have your final transcripts sent to your college	
	Expect to get your Financial Aid Packet back from college. This will give you more information regarding how much you will need to contribute and if you need to continue to negotiate a dollar amount with the college.	
Summe	Y	
	Notify the college of any additional scholarships you receive. These dollar amounts will come off the amount the college is 'discounting' your tuition.	
	Apply for a summer job, If your financial aid packet includes work study, you may be responsible for finding the job at the college. The 'best' jobs go first so get in there early and secure one you would enjoy doing.	
	Review the classes you know you will be taking at college, get the books ahead of time, start reading assignments you will have in those classes.	
	Take a deep breath. You have made it and are now officially a college student. Order an IKEA catalog, pack for collegecongratulations.	
	 More things to think about: Deadlines, deadlines, deadlinesdon't let a technicality trip you up. This is serious; colleges don't bend the rules because you're a day late with something. 'Early Admission': it's binding, you can't compare financial aid packets between the school that accepts you and others that you still like, you have to commit (and to just one school, they will compare lists). Don't get discouraged if your 'waitlisted' and don't give up…let the school know you want in. Send more recommendation letters, call them, see if you can get another interview. 	